The Grub-ſtreet Journal.

NUMB. 76.

Thursday, JUNE 17, 1731.

Intereſt never lyes:
The moſt have ſtill their int'reſt in their eyes;
The pow'r is always theirs, and pow'r is ever wiſe.
Dryden's Medal.

IT was an obſervation of Mr. DRYDEN, in his *Preface* to *Abſolom and Achitophel*, 'That Wit and Fool were conſequents 'of Whig and Tory; each Party, I ſuppoſe, extolling the wit of its Champions, and expoſing the folly of its Antagoniſts. This might be no improper way of proceeding at the time the obſervation was made. For, to uſe the words of the Author of the *Art of Politicks*,

In CHARLES *the Second's days,* —— *ye Trigs,*
Tories were Tories then, and Whigs were Whigs.

Both Parties then ſtrictly adhered to the principles they originally profeſſed; and neither had corrupted its own with any mixture of thoſe of the contrary. And therefore, if one perſon was juſtly denominated a Wit for being on one ſide; another, who was on the contrary, might as juſtly be denominated a Fool. But when the two Parties had changed their ground, and endeavoured to accommodate their principles to their ſituation, they could no longer either of them juſtly make uſe of their former way of arguing, claiming all the wit on one ſide, and imputing all the folly to the other. For as Whig and Tory principles, and conſequently wit and folly, were now blended together by each Party, every perſon of either muſt be partly a Wit, and partly a Fool.

But if either of theſe grand Parties happen to be divided into two leſſer, under the conduct of two different Leaders, one of whom gets all the places of honour and profit for himſelf and his friends, to the total excluſion of the other and his dependents; then the ſame way of reaſoning and treating each other may very properly be revived. For tho', their political principles being very near the ſame, neither ſide can charge the other with fooliſhneſs on that account; yet their political conduct being very different, it may juſtly intitle them to the claim of ingenuity, or to the imputation of folly. —— And here, no doubt, the Party which have gained the aſcendant, have given the moſt evident proofs of the ſuperiority of their intellects. And did they inſiſt upon this ſuperiority, with regard only to their policy in carrying on intrigues of State, I can't ſee how the oppoſite ſide could pretend to diſpute it with them. But ſince, according to the proverb, *Loſers have leave to talk*; and, whether they have leave or not, will certainly both talk and write; this neceſſarily occaſions a political Controverſy. For they that have the power are always deſirous to ſeem to have likewiſe the right; and cannot ſuffer the inferior Party to repreſent them as being in the wrong: and ſo both ſides endeavour to ſhew the ſtrength of their own reaſoning, and the weakneſs of that of their Adverſaries. And thus the very ſubject matter of the original controverſy, which was, Which ſide had ſhewed moſt wit in political intrigues, is intirely changed into another of a quite different nature, namely, Which has ſhewed the moſt wit in political writings.

And here I cannot but think, that the Party in power has vaſtly the advantage in this, as well as the former caſe. For, whoever is at the head of it muſt needs be ſuppoſed to be one of great capacity, who will endeavour to eſtabliſh his intereſt by the aſſociation of perſons of extraordinary abilities. Theſe will inform themſelves and him of the moſt ingenious and learned Writers; whoſe pens he will ingage in the defence of his cauſe, by penſions or preferments, which prevail upon perſons of the moſt ſacred profeſſion. And as the productions of ſuch able heads muſt neceſſarily be the exacteſt imaginable; carefully to obſerve the characters they give in their Writings, muſt be the ſureſt way to form a right judgment of the productions of others.

The truth of theſe obſervations is exemplified in the caſe of the *London Journal* and of the *Craftſman*, the latter of whom has lately publiſhed his Lucubrations in ſeven Volumes. As ſome intimation was given in our 74th *Journal* of our apprehenſions of Mr D'ANVERS's deſign: ſo I ſhall here add, by way of antidote, a character of his Writings, as I find it drawn, with great variety of elegant expreſſions, by the celebrated Mr. OSBORNE, in three of his *Journals*.

London Journal, Feb. 29. N. 603. 'The Authors of 'the *Craftſman* — *are not above the vulgar: in railing 'inferior to few; in impudence ſuperior to all men.* —— 'Their very anger is a jeſt; their rage, impotence; and 'their *reaſoning*, ſtupidity: their *ſatire* is Billinſgate; their '*wit*, ribaldry; and their *humour*, downright ſcolding. '——*They never prov'd any one fact, which they ad-'vanc'd; nor ever gave the leaſt ſigns of a power of reaſo-'ning.* *May* 1. N. 614. *Thy Maſter*, CALEB, —— '*once* of good ſenſe, and fam'd for publick virtue, is di-'ſtracted with pride, and run mad with *long diſappointed 'ambition.* He *miſtakes his abilities*, when he writes; 'he is *uncapable of reaſoning*; —— His talent is *mob ſatyr* 'and *Declamation*, and therefore he ſhould *ſpeak* only, for 'he has *eloquence*, tho' 'tis of the *vulgar kind.* *June* '12. N. 620. There never was a Paper, carried on ſo 'long, and ſo generally received, in which was leſs inſtruc-'tion. There are but very few Papers, in the two or 'three hundred, which make up the ſeven volumes, which 'contain diſcourſes ſupported by *reaſon* and *argument*, up-'on *natural*, *moral*, or *political ſubjects*. There are ſome 'things *well ſaid*, but not *one prov'd*; nor do the Authors 'ſeem *capable of proof*. ——There never was leſs *learning* 'or *uſeful knowledge* convey'd in ſo popular a Paper. —— 'You'll find thoſe ſentiments which are *true*, not *great*; 'they contain nothing uncommon: —— the inſtruction, 'thin as 'tis ſown, is low, and not above the notice of the 'moſt vulgar minds; the language, tho' eaſy, yet *unnerv'd*; 'the *wit* and *humour* often degenerate into *ribaldry*, and 'the *Satire* into *Billingſgate:* nor has any thing ſuppor-'ted it, *but lively perſonal abuſe*, and *pert ſaucy malice* 'againſt one Gentleman. —— I don't remember one '[Paper] in which there's any argument at all; or any ſin-'gle propoſition laid down, and *fairly ſupported by reaſon.*

To the foregoing Obſervations concerning the Wit of the Leaders of a Party, I had a deſign to have added ſome concerning their Honeſty. But in this I was luckily prevented by the receipt of the following *Dialogue*, which, as the perſon who communicated it aſſures me, came originally from one of the two Gentlemen, between whom it paſſed.

Theſe two Gentlemen, being great friends and cronies, were ſitting together one day: when this queſtion was ſtarted, What was the ſureſt way for a man to make his fortune?

MARIUS. To make our way in the world we ſhould ſtudy mankind, and never truſt any man, but when it is his intereſt to be true to us.

SYLLA. Why? Do you think it impoſſible to meet with an honeſt perſon?

MAR. No, I don't think it impoſſible; but I think it very improbable: therefore, the way not to be deceived is, to ſuſpect all men falſe, 'till we have had experience of their truth.

SYL. I can't think, but that acting in an open generous manner would gain us more friends.

MAR. Amongſt the few generous it would: but it is our buſineſs to make friends of the rich. What ſignifies our being valued by thoſe, who have no power to ſerve us? Beſides, why ſhould we pretend to act in a diſintereſted manner, who can ſo little afford it; when we ſee all our rich neighbours following their intereſt?

SYL. Well, but ſuppoſe we give up all principle to our intereſt, what ſhall we do with our pride, which will ſtill bar our way to preferment? How ſhall we cringe to, fawn upon, and flatter thoſe, whom we know to be every way our inferiors, except only in that fortune has been ſo blind as to give them a greater ſhare of riches?

MAR. We muſt ſubmit our pride a while to our ambition, in order to make theſe perſons ſubſervient to the latter; that we may uſe them, as we would a ladder, to climb to the top of a houſe; which done, we will lay them aſide as uſeleſs.

SYL. But then, if it ſhould be found out, that our own intereſt is the baſis of all our actions, we ſhall be no longer truſted by any one.

MAR. All wiſe men know, there is but that one baſis to the actions of all the world. And to thoſe who don't know it, if we keep our own counſel, I don't ſee how it can be diſcovered. But if it ſhould, every one will be afraid of diſobliging us, knowing we ſhall ſtick at nothing to do any one a miſchief, which won't hurt ourſelves.

SYL. Well — I'll be guided by you. Let us ſwear inviolable friendſhip: and tho' we act only for intereſt towards the reſt of the world, let us be ſure to obſerve the ſtricteſt rules of honour towards each other, taking CASTOR and POLLUX for examples.

MAR. And imploring the aſſiſtance of PLUTUS as our Patron, let us not doubt of ſucceſs: for if we get him on our ſide, he will be able to give us the peculiar attributes of all the other Gods and Goddeſſes. We ſhall have the power of JUPITER; and be entertained with the youth of HEBE, the beauty of VENUS, the wit of MINERVA, &c.

SYL. But tho' we may be entertained with the wit of others, I don't ſee how gold can purchaſe it to our ſelves.

MAR. It can purchaſe us the reputation of it, and as much reſpect as if we really had it; and that is all which is valuable in it. For I take wit to be a very troubleſome companion: it only hinders us from being pleaſed with ſuch things as yield the higheſt diverſion to the reſt of the world.

SYL. So, I find, you are for no troubleſome companions, wit, conſcience, honour; nor, in ſhort, any thing that may be the leaſt hinderance to your pleaſure, or profit.

MAR. There thou has hit my very ſoul. For, as I take it, if you have conſcience, and act according to it, you are ſurely undone; if you don't act according to it, you are continually uneaſy: ſo that, either way, you are certainly much better without it. And as to honour, I think the reputation enough for any man; and that I ſhall always endeavour to keep.

SYL. I believe, there is very near as much difficulty in keeping the reputation of it, when you han't it, as there is in keeping honour itſelf.

MAR. True — but then it is policy to keep the one; and the height of impolicy to keep the other: for while you really have honour, it is impoſſible to purſue your intereſt, which is as inconſiſtent with that, as the purſuit of eccleſiaſtical preferments is with true piety.

SYL. I find then, we are to ſuſpect all mankind, and never truſt any perſon; to keep the reputation of honour, without having any; and to direct our whole view to our own intereſt, pretending at the ſame time, that all we do proceeds from a publick ſpirit: and theſe are the maxims upon which we are to act, in order to make our fortune.

MAR. Yes, and infallible ones they are. By obſerving theſe we ſhall be juſt to our ſelves: and I take juſtice, as well as charity, to begin at home.

SYL. From this time forward then, we'll only ſtrive to reach the goal in view, and ſurmount all obſtacles that lie in our way to it.

MAR. Bravely reſolved. —— But remember, that our conduct towards one another is not to proceed upon the foregoing maxims.

SYL. I promiſe you on my part there ſhall be no failure in that reſpect.

MAR. Then, on that condition, we are inſeparable friends.

Theſe two Gentlemen went hand in hand, continuing a firm friendſhip through the ſeveral degrees of preferment, 'till they had almoſt reached the higheſt places in the Common-wealth: which they found to be like a pyramid, broad enough at the bottom, for a great many to climb up together, but too narrow on the top to hold two perſons. Here all friendſhip was at an end; and each reſolved to tumble the other down, rather than not get the higheſt place. This it was SYLLA's fortune to attain: and then MARIUS's chief delight was to declaim at SYLLA's ſelf-intereſtedneſs and ambition, to expoſe his miſtakes in the conduct of affairs, and to endeavour to perſuade the people that all their misfortunes were intirely owing to his management. The generality of the people, who are too apt to entertain ill opinions of their Superiors, liſtened greedily to the inſinuations of MARIUS, and ſided with him; imagining, that a redreſs of all their grievances would be the certain conſequence of his advancement, and of SYLLA's fall. —— But they were undeceived by fatal experience: for MARIUS at laſt pulled his rival down, and placed himſelf in his room. But in a little time his management diſpleaſed more than that of SYLLA, and convinced the people, that the diſplacing of one great man for acting intirely for his own intereſt, is like cutting off one of *Hydra*'s heads; in the room of which, at leaſt one, if not two or three, as bad, will certainly ſpring up.

The Inſtructions of Mr. J—L J—S *to* Chriſtopher Hilliard, *printed in our laſt Journal, turned into Hudibraſtic Verſe.*

Honeſt KIT,
IF you can't read, you'll get ſome friend
To explicate th' advice I ſend:

The former part regardeth thee;
The laſt, what you muſt do for me.

If thou'lt be ſafe, when far from land,
Be ſure to keep God near at hand.
He'as kept you oft by providence;
Be therefore now void of offence.
Thou'aſt ſpent much time to little purpoſe;
And therefore ſhou'dſt redeem the ſurplus:
For God and man will cheriſh you,
You prove a careful Virtuoſo;
And bring a full account to me,
When God has brought you from the ſea.

That I may know, when you return, all
That's worth remembring, keep a Journal:
Make you a book, with cover rough,
A ream of paper is enough.
Whate'er you hear, write word for word,
They'll lend you pen and ink on board,
And that you may my thanks deſerve,
The following things, be ſure, obſerve.

The winds, that blow the compaſs round;
And every time what depth you ſound:
Of Latitude take the degrees;
See where it doth moſt rain, or freeze:
But ſands and ſhells I value moſt,
From the deep ſea, far from the coaſt.
Some pitch ſtuck on, or ſlimy ſtuff,
Will make the lead bring up enough:
In different papers, put them in,
And write without, what is within.
That you may give deſcriptions ample,
Let words like theſe be your example.
'In Latitude of —— abounding
'With yellow ſand, this is the ſounding:
'This little fiſh we took alive,
'On Chriſtmaſs day, South ſea at five.

Bring me ſome moſſes, plants, and trees,
And pretty feathers, from the ſeas;
No fruits, or herbs, are worth your getting;
But weeds are choice; we don't mind eating.
The things, when got, put up with care
In cagg, or pot of earthen ware;
Except the feathers, they muſt be
Kept ſmooth, and from all bruiſes free:
The larger trees, you'll make them faſt,
Some how or other, to the maſt.
Strange fiſhes wou'd do mighty well;
A whale, or ſhark's acceptable.
Large Concha ſhells you'll find on ſhore;
Be ſure you bring me three, or four:
That is, if you can get them whole,
About the ſize of a punch bowl.
A pound or two of ſhining ſand,
Or gravel, from ſome diſtant ſtrand;
Provided it contains no gold,
Or any thing that can be ſold.
But pretty ſtones I moſt admire,
That look like water, earth, or fire:
Not diamonds, emeralds, or rubies;
Thoſe are for avaricious boobies.
Get ores, or foſſils, as directed,
Such as our W——D has collected.
From every tree three branches lop,
At bottom, middle, and the top.
Then flowers, ferns, and thorns, you'll get ye,
Some of each ſort, if they be pretty:
Preſt in brown paper, let them lye,
Which at a chandler's you may buy:
(Two pence a quire will buy the beſt)
Then lay them even, in your cheſt.
I'm ſadly vext, I ſhou'd forget
To lend you my fly-catching net;
So made, as not to diſcompoſe
The down, that on the inſect grows:
But you'll take care, whene'er you ſee
A fly, to catch it tenderly.
By handling rough, I ſhou'd be loth,
You ſhou'd contaminate a moth.
Tranſfix the beetle with a pin
Stuck to a box, extremely thin,
Not on the outſide, but within:
Thus they'll preſerve their native hue;
But 'tis a ſecret known to few.
Of butterflies be chiefly careful
To keep the duſt, of which they are full:
So waſh your hands, for fear the tarr
Shou'd ſtick, and their contexture marr.
Fine rattle ſnakes you'll bring me home;
Of adders, worms, and ſcorpions ſome;
Such batts, and owls, as woods afford;
Or any other pretty bird:
The little ones preſerve in rum,
I'll pay you for it, when you come.

And now, for fear of an embargo,
When you've made up this noble cargo,
A little lye is innocent,
When told with ſuch a good intent:
For if you're threaten'd to be preſt,
Or laid hold on by an arreſt,
Tell them you are ſent by J——L J——S,
To pick up curious ſhells and ſtones,
By order of her Majeſty,
And the Greſham Society.
The corals, ſhells, and bits of horn,
The grottos royal muſt adorn.
The foſſils white, or black, or gray,
The birds, or beaſts, & cætera,
Collected are, as you may ſay,
For knowledge natural, and phyſick,
And for the eaſe of thoſe that be ſick:
For Botany, the bulbous roots;
And for the Queen, outlandiſh ſhoots,
To keep in pots, at Kenſington:
And then you muſt be let alone.
No worthy, or ingenious man,
I mean, that is a Gentleman,
Will trouble you, in any nation,
When thus you've my recommendation.
Who e'er to you ſhall civil be,
Will meet the like, tell them, from me.

I am, &c.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

C. *Courant.* | SJ. *S. James's Evening Poſt.*
P. *Poſt-Boy.* | WE. *Whitehall Evening P.*
D P. *Daily Poſt.* | LE. *London Evening Poſt.*
D J. *Daily Journal.* | Cr. *Crafts-man.*
E P. *Evening Poſt.* | F. *Fog's Journal.*

THURSDAY, *June* 10.

Yeſterday his Majeſty, his Royal Highneſs the Prince, and his Royal Highneſs the Duke on horſeback, and the reſt of the Royal Family in coaches, came into Hyde-Park to review the 4 troops of Horſe-guards, and 2 troops of Horſe-grenadiers, who performed their exerciſe with the greateſt expertneſs and dexterity. *D J.* —— His Majeſty has been pleaſed to appoint his Grace the D. of Devonſhire L. Privy Seal. *P.*

On tueſday laſt his Grace the D. of Somerſet's horſe won the King's plate of 100 guineas at Guildford, by a conſiderable diſtance. *Ibid.* —— The Rev. Hen. Gally, D. D. was lately preſented by the R. Hon. the L. Chancellor to a Prebend in the Cathedral Church of Norwich. *D P.*

Yeſterday morning between 12 and 1, a fire broke out at the houſe of a Milliner by little Turnſtile Holborn, in the cellar, in which one lived who ſold barley-broth: the copper took fire, and burnt with ſuch violence, that it ſoon burnt that houſe and about 30 more. *P.* Between 1 and 2. *D P.* Betweeen 2 and 3. *C.* Upwards of 20 houſes. *D J.* 26 houſes are entirely deſtroyed. *C.*

Blandford, June 7. On Friday laſt our town was reduced to aſhes in 5 hours time, by the moſt dreadful conflagration that ever was in England, London excepted; about 3000 perſons lie in the open fields, without cloaths or victuals, near 150 of which have the ſmall pox on them, and were carried out of their beds into the meadows, ſeveral of which lie dead and unburied. *Ibid.* It began at a Tallow-chandler's ſhop: the Church is burnt; but the bells are preſerv'd. The flames by the ſtrength of the wind, caught hold of a little village on the other ſide of the bridge, which is alſo conſumed. *L E.* —— Some time laſt week a fire broke out at Caſtle-Carey near Bruton in Somerſetſhire, which burnt down ſeveral houſes. *Ibid.*

The R. Hon. the E. Cowper is appointed a Gentleman of the Bed Chamber to his R. Highneſs the Prince, in the room of the R. Hon. the E. of Aſhburnham. *S J. L E.* —— This day the Court removed from Richmond to the Palace at Hampton-Court. *S J.* —— On Tueſday the Quarter maſters and Camp-Colourmen ſet out for Buſhy Park, to clear the lines, level the ground, and pitch the tents for the camp, and yeſterday a party of the 3d regiment encamped there. *L E.* — The ſame day, a Quaker, who is a Glover in Colcheſter, came dreſſed in an odd manner to the Court at Richmond, to admoniſh and exhort their Majeſties, &c. being moved thereto, as he ſaid, by the ſpirit: he was offered money, but refuſed it; and would not go away, 'till he had ſeen her Majeſty. *S J.* — *My* Friend *was in the right, ſince he came ſo far, not to* go away, 'till he had ſeen her Majeſty: *but I think he was in the wrong to* refuſe *the* money offered; *ſince ſuch an* offer *muſt proceed from as extraordinary a* motion of the Spirit, *as my* Friend's *journey.*

We have an account from Stanhope about 14 miles from Durham, that a few days ago there fell ſuch a quantity of rain for 3 hours, as overflowed a great many adjacent fields, both meadows and corn; a houſe was carry'd away, and all the goods; the people belonging to it had much ado to ſave their lives. *Ibid.*

Japhet Crooke, alias Sir Peter Stranger, convicted of forging deeds of conveyance of 2000 acres of land, belonging to Mr Garbet and his Wife, and lying in the Pariſh of Claxton, in the County of Eſſex, &c. *S J.* And mortgaging the ſame for 4500l. *W E.* This day at 12 was brought to the pillory at Charing-Croſs, and ſtood thereon 'till 1: then a chair was ſet on the pillory, and Crook put therein, when Jack Ketch with a ſort of pruning knife, cut off both his ears, and when that was done, a ſurgeon clapt a Styptick thereon; then Jack Ketch with a pair of ſciſſirs cut his left noſtril twice before it was quite through, and then at once cut quite through his right noſtril; all which Crook bore with great patience; but at fearing his right noſtril the pain ſeemed ſo very great, that he was in great pain and torture; ſo that his left noſtril was not ſear'd, and he went from the pillory bleeding. *L E.* —— *It* ſeems *to me, that* the pain *more than* ſeemed very great, *if* he was in great pain and torture.

FRIDAY, *June* 11.

He underwent the ſentence with a great deal of courage and reſolution, never ſo much as winch'd or ſtirr'd, but put on his cap, and tuck'd up his hair under it himſelf. His Proſecutors were at Mr. Harvey's, a Diſtiller's at Charing-Croſs, to whom he turn'd, and laughed, and made a motion with his hand. He was carryed to the Ship-tavern, where he ſtay'd about 2 hours, and then to the King's Bench priſon, where he is to remain for life. *P.*

Letters from Tiverton ſay, that the dreadful conflagration that happened there on ſaturday laſt, with the miſerable circumſtances that attended it, fills every ones heart with the greateſt grief, there being, according to the moſt exact accounts which have been taken, about 200 dwelling-houſes or tenements conſumed, 10 of which coſt above 10,000l. building, and the whole loſs is computed at 150,000l. the fire began by the careleſſneſs of a Baker, who lived at the Eaſt-end of the Town, near the Pound, and immediately ſpread itſelf 4 or 5 ways; it hath burnt all the houſes and back-houſes from the river Lowman on both ſides of the Street to the end of the Fleſh ſhambles, and halfway up Barrington; a ſmall quantity of goods were ſaved, and they were thrown into the Churches, Meeting-houſes, and the fields adjoining, where a great many hundred poor perſons lay for want of beds; the Town, eſpecially the moſt valuable part of it, is intirely ruined, and the poor inhabitants miſery is not to be expreſs'd. *D P.* Near 300 houſes: the damage upwards of 200,000l. *C. June* 12.

SATURDAY, *June* 12.

Yeſterday being the anniverſary of the King's inauguration, when his Majeſty enter'd into the 5th year of his Reign; their Majeſties received the compliments from the ſeveral Nobility at Hampton Court, which were very numerous and ſplendid on that occaſion, and the evening concluded with a fine ball. *C.*

The R. Hon. the E. of Delawar has reſigned his commiſſion as Colonel in the 1ſt regiment of foot-guards, on his being made Comptroller of his Majeſty's Houſhold. —— Herbert, Eſq; 2d ſon of the E. of Pembroke, ſucceeds the L. Delawar as Colonel; and Captain Brackley ſucceeds Captain Herbert. *P.* — The E. of Burlington ſucceeds the D. of Devonſhire as Captain of the Yeomen of the guards. *D J.*

Yeſterday came an account of another great fire at Uſhſont near the Devizes in Wiltſhire, which had burnt upwards of 20 houſes. *Ibid.*

At the ſittings laſt week before the L. Raymond, an action was brought by a Nobleman againſt a Wharfinger for ſhort meaſure, and ſending in coals in ſacks unſealed, contrary to the late Act of Parliament; upon which he recovered a verdict againſt the Wharfinger. This is the 1ſt Trial upon the ſaid Statute, and is inſerted for the benefit of the Publick. *P.*

An expreſs arrived from Mr. Keene, the Britiſh Miniſter in Spain, on thurſday night laſt, and brought the agreeable News of the King of Spain's acceding to the Treaty of Vienna. *Ibid.*

Yeſterday the Priſoners in the Fleet-Priſon cauſed a riot, and inſulted the Keepers, ſo that they were forced to ſend to the Warden, who immediately ſent to the Tilt-yard guard, and had 2 files of Musketeers conſiſting of 12 Soldiers, &c. the Priſoners alledged that they were ill uſed, and that they ſtood up for their rights and privileges. *Ibid.*

We hear that the ears of Japhet Crook, are to be ſeen at Mr. Rollo's at the Tipling Philoſophers near Cripplegate. *Ibid.* In Fore-ſtreet; and great numbers of people were there yeſterday to ſee them. *D J.* —— *I am ſorry, that my neighbours ſhould thus ſhew their inclination to Popiſh Superſtition, by this veneration for* reliques.

Yeſterday L. Delaware kiſſed his Majeſty's hand for the place of Treaſurer of the Houſhold. *L E.* — Major Cholmondeley is made Colonel of the 3d Troop of Horſe-guards. *P.* —— Col. Bragge, of the 3d regiment of Foot-guards, is appointed Aid-de-camp to his Grace the D. of Dorſet, L. Lieut. of Ireland. *S J. W E. L E.*

The ſame day being S Barnabas day, the uſual election was made by the Maſters, Wardens, and Aſſiſtants of the Merchant-Taylors Company, at their ſchool, into 4 vacant fellowſhips at S. John's Coll. in Oxford. *L E.*

MONDAY, *June* 14.

Yeſterday the Rev. Dr. Day preached before their Majeſties, his Royal Highneſs the Prince, &c. and the Rev. Dr. Younge before his Highneſs the Duke, &c. *P.* —— On

thurſday his Excellency Steph. Poyntz, Eſq. late Envoy Extraordinary at the Court of France, enter'd on his Office as Preceptor to his Royal Highneſs the Duke.

Brig. Gen. Clayton has received his Majeſty's commands to repair forthwith to his Regiment at Gibraltar. *D P.* — His Majeſty has been pleaſed to appoint Capt. De Strounge of the 1ſt Troop of Guards, to be Major of the ſaid Troop. *P.*

On ſaturday Mr Baron Thomſon, made his report to his Majeſty of the 6 malefactors under ſentence of death, when 4 were ordered to be executed, on wedneſday next, viz. Rob. Cooper, Will. Burrows, Cha. Ogilby, and Sam Curtis. *D P.* Curtis. *P.* — The ſame day Tho. Mugg, alias Mogg, ſtood on the pillory at Charing croſs, for keeping a diſorderly houſe, and was ſeverely pelted. *C. P.*

Yeſterday the large Hall in Chriſt's Hoſpital, which has been lately beautified, was opened with great ſolemnity. *D J.* — 400 l. has been collected at Exeter for the unhappy ſufferers at Tiverton. *P.*

On ſaturday we mentioned the Rebecca, Capt. Jenkins, having been taken in her paſſage from Jamaica, by a Spaniſh Guarde Coſta. They hanged up the Captain 3 times, once with his Cabin Boy at his feet; they then cut off one of his ears, took away his candles, and moſt of his inſtruments, &c. and kept him a whole day. *D J.*

On ſaturday the R. Hon. L. Lovel, Grand Maſter of the Free and Accepted Maſons, viſited the Lodge at the Golden Spikes at Hampſtead, when the R. Hon. Anth. L. Viſc. Montacute, was choſen Maſter of the Lodge in the room of George Rooke, Eſq: *D P.*

On friday laſt the firſt ſtone of the New Church at Graveſend was laid, in the preſence of Sir Rob. Furneſe, Bar. and a numerous concourſe of people, &c. *D J.* — The firſt ſtone *of this* Church was laid by Sir Rog. Meredith on thurſday June 3. *according to the* P. *and* 4 Ev. *of June*, 8.

TUESDAY, *June* 15.

Laſt week a Volume of Latin letters, writ to his Royal Highneſs the Duke by Mr. Philips, were preſented to their Majeſties and very graciouſly received. *D P.* — Yeſterday the Upholſterers took down the furniture in the houſe belonging to his Royal Highneſs the Prince at S. James's, for the Workmen to begin to take down the ſame, it being to be rebuilt. — The ſame day the Royal ſtables in the Meuſe at Charing-Croſs were begun to be taken down. *C.*

Yeſterday morning Cap. Jenkins, Commander of the Rebecca, lately taken in her paſſage from Jamaica by a Spaniſh Guarde la Coſta, went to Sir Rob. Walpole at Cheſſea, and repreſented his whole caſe, and the barbarous uſage he met with from the Spaniards. *Ibid.*

Letters from Conſtantinople, Ap. 23, ſay, that in letters from Aleppo of Ap. 6. they were adviſed, that the Barrington, Capt. Hunter, bound from Mocha for London, was loſt going into Bombay. She was chartered by the Eaſt-India Company for 440 tuns, carried 88 men, and 30 guns, and was upon her 3d voyage. *D J.*

The Bacchus, Capt. Stephens, which arriv'd at Briſtol from Jamaica, was taken Ap. 27, by a Spaniſh Pyrate Sloop, or Guarde Coſta, between the Havanna and the Gulph they plunder'd her of all they liked, ſtript the Capt. and people of their cloaths, linnen, &c. and threatned them with immediate death if they did not diſcover where their money lay, and had ropes rieved at the Yard Arm ready. — The Runlet Sloop, Capt. Brin, of Rhode Iſland, was taken in company with the Bacchus: they treated her Capt. and men very barbarouſly, putting their fingers between gun-lock skrews, 'till they flattened them, and ſome had lighted matches between, in order to extort a confeſſion, where their money lay, of which they had none on board. They plundered the ſloop, and ſtript the Capt. and men of all their cloaths and inſtruments. The Bacchus was the 8th prize they had taken in 20 days after coming out of Porto Rico. The name of the ſloop was San Franciſco Xavier, and that of the Captain Don Juan Delabarca Mondanda Elatarca They had 3 Linguiſts to examine prizes, and the crew conſiſted of 70 men, Spaniſh, French, Iriſh, Engliſh, &c beſides Officers. *D J.*

Wantage in Berkſhire, May 29. This day a fire broke out, which burnt 2 houſes, and would unavoidably have conſumed a great part of the Town, had it not been provided with a large Engine made by Mr. Newſham. *Ibid.*

WEDNESDAY, *June* 16.

A Clergyman fiſhing in a river near Uxbridge on monday laſt, found a dead body, whoſe head was very much bruiſed, his hands cut, and wriſt broke with many other tokens of his being murder'd; it proves to be the body of one Lock, a Coach-maker's Apprentice, who had been to Uxbridge to ſee his friends, and was ſeen the day before to go out with a young woman of that place, who immediately, on the diſcovery of the body, was taken up, with two men, her intimates, and carry'd before Juſtice Weedon, who committed them all three to priſon, for a further examination. *D P.*

The young company being employ'd in rehearſing ſeveral new Plays and Opera's, particularly the Play of *George Barnwell*, of which the town is in great expectation, they have deferr'd playing any more 'till that piece is perfected. *Ibid.*

The new Tragedy, called, *The Triumphs of Love and Honour*, which was to have been play'd next week at the Theatre-Royal in Drury lane, is deferr'd for ſome time on account of the indiſpoſition of a principal Actor, but will be got up with all convenient ſpeed, and timely notice of the performance will be given in this paper. *D P.*

From the PEGASUS *in Grub-ſtreet.*

We hear, that on thurſday laſt the corpſe of a certain perſon, who left a widow and 5 children, was carried to Finchly to be buried; where the Miniſter demanded a hat band and gloves, and refuſed to go into the church with the corpſe and read part of the Office there, 'till he was promiſed that he ſhould have them. — *By this account we ſuppoſe, that a* hat-band *is the fee due for the Pſalm, and* gloves *for the* Leſſon.

Mr. BAVIUS read the following Epigram, printed in the *Courant* of June 11.

Three Sons of *Dullneſs*, an illuſtrious race,
Pride of the Goddeſs, and the Realm's diſgrace,
In one free Kingdom and a learned age,
In Faction's cauſe moſt ſtupidly engage:
In merit equal is each fav'rite Cub;
Alike admir'd are D'ANVERS, FOG, and GRUB:
Dullneſs herſelf three more can never cull,
From all her Sons, ſo impudent and dull.

Mr. MÆVIUS ſaid, he thought it was a fine encomium upon our *Journal*; and preſented the following lines, by way of grateful return.

In one bright age three fam'd GRUBEANS born,
The ſame bright Cauſe with various art adorn;
With thoughts and ſtyles, which none before e'er hit on:
The *Courant*, *London Journal*, and *Free Briton*.
The Firſt ſurprizing turns of wit diſplays;
Sound ſenſe, the Next, in mood and figure, lays:
To form the Third the pow'rs of both conſpire,
OSBORNE's grave force, and ULRICK's ſprightly fire.

Edinburgh, June 8. Yeſterday Mr. John Gordon, who was carried to France by his Popiſh Relations while young, and educated in the cots College at aris, compeared before the Preſbytery of Edinburgh renounced the errors of Popery, and embraced the Proteſtant Religion. He made his eſcape from France with much difficulty, and the hazard of his life, being about to be put into Orders by the Popiſh Clergy. *P.*

FOREIGN NEWS.

THURSDAY, *June* 10.

Yeſterday arrived the Mail due from France.

Paris, June 9. Since our laſt rains the heat is grown more exceſſive than ever, attended with ſo great a drought, that the Seine is almoſt dry'd up, which occaſions diſtempers, whereof ſeveral die ſuddenly. *D P.*

Amſterdam, June 15. 'Tis adviſed from Naples, that Card. Coſcia has quitted the palace of the Dutcheſs de Monte Calvo, and gone to reſide with Signor de Teſta, brother to his chief Domeſtick, where he has had a light attack of an apoplexy — From Copenhagen, that the ceremony of their Majeſties coronation was performed there on the 6th. *Ibid.*

Rome, May 24. We have received the news, that the Queen of Sardinia was brought to bed of a Prince the 17th; who was baptized the next day by the name of Joſeph Charles Emanuel, and ſtiled Duke of Aoſta. — The Princeſs Clementina Sobieski went the 22d with her eldeſt ſon, to take leave of the Pope; and the 25th ſhe ſet out for Albano, where ſhe will wait the return of the Chevalier de S. George. This morning the young Duke of Buckingham ſet out for Naples. *P.*

Naples, May 22. On monday the Chevalier was waited upon by all the Engliſh, Scots, and Iriſh, belonging to this garriſon, whom he admitted to kiſs his hand. The Duke de Gravina Orſini, the Prince de Montevieto Toco, and the Count de Converſano, paid him each a particular viſit: he is now taken up in ſeeing what is moſt remarkable here, making uſe of a fine coach of the Duke de Gravina's. *Ibid.* — *Ship-News. Naples, May* 25. As he is incognito, under the name of Mr. Brown, the Viceroy and City take no notice of him. *D J.*

Rens, near Barcelona, June 1. N. S. Yeſterday about 6 in the evening, the D. of Wharton departed this life in the Convent of the Monks, called Poblet, after a long and tedious decay. *P.*

FRIDAY, *June* 11.

Lisbon, May 24. N. S. This afternoon arrived the Drake Sloop, Capt. Dundas, who came from Gibraltar 11 days ſince, when the Spaniards carried on their works with the utmoſt diligence; and the battery of 50 guns was in a manner fit for ſervice towards the Bay. *D J.*

Leghorn, June 2. A Courier is arrived from Venice, by way of Florence, who brings an account of the death of the Princeſs Violante on May 30, at 7 in the morning. *Ibid.*

Vienna, June 2. Imperial Commiſſaries are upon the point of ſetting out for Iſtria, to view the harbours and woods there, and give the Court a true account, which is the moſt proper place for trade and navigation, and ſhipbuilding, Porto Re, Trieſte, or ſome other place. *P.*

Hambourg, June 8. The King of Poland has appointed Dr. Hebenſtrier, Phyſician at Leipſick, to travel both to the Eaſt and Weſt Indies, to examine the extraordinary plants and animals in thoſe parts, and to make a draught of them upon the ſpot, for which purpoſe he is to be attended with a Painter and an Engraver *D P.*

SATURDAY, *June* 12.

Yeſterday arrived a Mail from Flanders.

Leghorn, May 26. N. S. Our laſt letters from Baſtia adviſe, that the Rebels had reſolved to find out ways and means to fit out a little fleet; and had actually made choice of an Admiral. *C.*

Naples, May 22. Letters from Apuglia adviſe, that they have felt more ſhocks of an earthquake, both at Foggia, and in other places of that Province. *C.* It had overth own ſome buildings, and obliged the inhabitants to lodge in the fields. *D J.*

This day arrived the Mail from Holland.

Hamburgh, June 28. 'Tis written from Moſcow, that they had certain advice, that Prince Thamas, now Sophi o Perſia, has actualy conque ed all great Armenia. *W E.*

Seville, May 26. 'Tis adviſed from the Camp of S. Roch before Gibraltar, that Don Plaudo de Sangro is arrived there with 3 ſquadrons. *L E.*

MONDAY, *June* 14.

Hague, June 19. N. S. The Dutcheſs of Newcaſtle, Major Gen. Sutton, and the ount of Naſſau Auverquerque, are arrived here from London. *P.*

Paris, June 15. A certain perſon has undertaken to cure the D. de Chatillon, by anointing his body with a ſort of oil, which does not burn, tho' boiling upon the fire he has uſed this medicine but a few days, and finds himſelf ſo well, that he begins to walk *Ibid.*

Ratisbon, June 11. The Emperor's Miniſters take a great deal of pains, to prevail with the Diet to deliberate forthwith upon the Imperial Decree concerning the new Treaty of Vienna. *C.*

Yeſterday arrived the Mail from France.

Paris, June 20. Violante Beatrix of Bavaria, Relict of Ferdinand de Medicis, Prince of Tuſcany and great Aunt to the King, died at Florence the 30th paſt, in her 59th year; and has made her Nephew P. Ferdinand of Bavaria her Univerſal Legatee. *C. P.* Sole Executor. *D P.* She deſired to be buried in a Nuns habit. *Ibid.* In a Carmelites. *C. P.* — On the 15th the Parliament try'd the Gardener, who ſhot the Pariſh-Prieſt of Soiſſy, and confirm'd the ſentence of the Chatelet, whereby he was condemn'd to make the *Amende honorable* before the Church of Notre Dame, to have his hand cut off, and to be burnt alive in the Place de Greve; which was executed next day. *C. P. D J.*

TUESDAY, *June* 15.

Yeſterday arrived the Mail due from Holland.

Parma, June 2 N. S. On the 30 paſt, was performed with great formality, the examination into the young Ducheſs-Dowager's pregnancy by 5 famous Midwives of different nations, in the preſence of the Ducheſs-Dowager Dorothea, and of 5 unexceptionable Ladies of the Court, 2 Phyſicians of the Court, Dr Forti, a Phyſician of Modena, and Signor Cizardi, a Surgeon. All theſe went into the Antichamber, where the Midwives declared upon oath before the Imperial General Stampa, the Miniſters of Spain, and other perſons concerned, that the Ducheſs was really with child. Inſtruments were immediately drawn of this affair by a Notary, and ſent by expreſſes to the reſpective Courts. Signor Oddi, who came thither on the part of the Pope, was not admitted in the Antichamber. *P. D P.* — Mr Conundrum *ſays, This was very odd.*

Rome, June 2. Card. Coſcia's goods and furniture, which remained at his houſe and in Caſtle S. Angelo have been ſold. On Saturday the Princeſs Sobieski and her 2 ſons ſet out for Albano, where the Chevalier de S. George arrived on thurſday from Naples. *D J.*

On Tueſday Stocks were

South-Sea Stock 103 1 8th to 1 qr. South Sea Annuity 107 1 qr. Bank 147. Bank Circulation 8 l. Premium. India 198 1 half. Three per Cent. Annuity 96. Royal Exchange Aſſurance 98 3 qrs. London Aſſurance 12 1 half York Buildings 22. African 50 1 half. Engliſh Copper 3 l. Welſh ditto 2 l. 7 s. South Sea Bonds 7 l. 14 s. Premium. India ditto 5 l. 18 s. ditto. Lottery Tickets 7 s. ditto.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Black Cartar,

SOLD cheap at the Laboratory in Cold-Bath Fields, near Clerkenwell.

June 12. 1731.

PROPOSALS for Printing by SUBSCRIPTION, the 2d Edition of *WHITLOCKE's* Memorials of *Britiſh* Affairs: With many Additions never before Printed.

The Work will be printed upon the ſame Paper and Letter as the Specimen annex'd.

The Price to Subſcribers is Twenty Five Shillings in Sheets, Ten Shillings to be paid at the Time of Subſcribing, and the Remainder on the Delivery of the Work, which will be finiſh'd by *Michaelmaſs*, 1731.

The Undertakers are J. and J Knapton, R. Knaplock, A. Betteſworth and C. Hitch, G. Strahan, J. Tonſon, J. Pemberton, F. Fayram and T. Hatchet, C. Rivington, J. Batley, J Brotherton, F. Giles, R. Williamſon, J. Stagg, T. Osborne, L. Gilliver, and F. Cogan; where Subſcriptions are taken in.

AT the Bible and Crown, the Corner of St. Martin's Lane, againſt Northumberland Houſe in the Strand, liveth a Printer, who performs all manner of Buſineſs in the Letter or Rowling Preſs; as Books, Club Orders, Catalogues, Caſes of Parliament, &c. Alſo Tobacconiſts or Hatter's Marks, on Wood or Copper. And for the Encouragement of Shopkeepers, he cuts their Signs in Wood gratis, ſo near, that they are hardly to be diſtinguiſhed from Copper. And any Perſon living at far Diſtance, by ſending a Letter, may have any thing done at a very reaſonable Price.

N. B. At the ſame Place are ſold all ſorts of Stationary Ware, with moſt ſorts of Children's Lottery-Pictures, and Prints.

This Day is publiſhed,

Curiouſly Engraven,

SIX PRINTS of the moſt ſtupendous and ſtately Structures of the Roman Empire, viz.

1. The Amphitheatre of Titus at Rome.
2. The Amphitheatre at Verona.
3. The Amphitheatre at Pola.
4. The Theatre of Marcellus at Rome.
5. The Circus Maximus.
6. The Circus Flaminii.

Shewing their ancient as well as preſent State, with their Plans, Elevations, Sections, &c in different Views, from the beſt Originals. To which is added,

A brief Hiſtorical Account for what theſe Fabricks were originally deſign'd, who were their Founders, and what Changes they have undergone, as far as can be trac'd from Hiſtory.

Note, Each Print is about 23 Inches long, and 18 Inches broad.

Sold by Mr. Sympſon, Printſeller in Catherine-ſtreet; Mr. King in the Poultry; Mr. Glaſs under the Royal-Exchange; Mr. Brotherton at the Bible; Mr. Whitridge the Corner of Caſtle-alley in Cornhill; Mr. Bird in Star-alley in Fenchurch-ſtreet; and Biſhop Roberts in Lombard-ſtreet. Price half a Guinea the Six Prints.

June the 5th was publiſh'd,

Price Six Pence,

Number V. for May, 1731,

(To be continued Monthly,)

THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE: Or, *Trader's Monthly Intelligencer.* Containing (more than any Book of that Kind and Price.)

A VIEW of the Eſſays and Entertainments publiſhed in the Weekly and other papers of the Month; Foreign and Domeſtick Affairs, Occurrences, &c. Prices of Goods and Stocks; Books publiſh'd, Bankrupts declared, a Liſt of Fairs, and Obſervations in Gardening for the Seaſon. With ſome Extracts from Books and Manuſcripts, viz.

1. The Duke of Marlborough's Monumental Inſcription.
2. The King's and the Speaker's Speech.
3. Reaſons for not paſſing the Iriſh Wool and Bankrupt Bills.
4. Subſtance of the Engliſh Law, and Naturalizing and Starch Bills.
5. Of the Penſion Bill, Proteſt, and Debates.
6. Account of the National Debt, Land-Tax, yearly Expence, and Deficiency.

To which is added, A neceſſary Index among ſo many for the ready turning to each Subject. *Prodeſſe & Delectare.*

By SYLVANUS URBAN of *Aldermanbury*, Gent.

Printed at S. John's Gate, London, for the Author; and ſold by the Bookſellers in Town and Country.

Note, Number I. and II. (Containing ſeveral Things not publiſh'd elſewhere) being now reprinted, Gentlemen and Ladies may have their Setts compleated, and may remain aſſured, that what they have ſo much encouraged, ſhall be as diligently carried on by an early publication of the ſucceeding Numbers; and by continuing to comprehend, as far as poſſible, every Topic of Converſation, Intelligence, or Amuſement ſtirring in each Month; and ſuch Pieces in Proſe or Verſe as ſhall be communicated, proper to inſert, agreeable to the Author's Deſign of rendering the Year's Collection (which will make one large Volume in 8vo) no leſs agreeable, uſeful, and entertaining to Readers of ſucceeding Times, than each ſingle Number is, by many confeſſed to be, to thoſe of the preſent Day.

RICHARD NEWSHAM,

Of Cloth-Fair, London.

REaſonably ſupplies any with his New-Invented Engines, for extinguiſhing Fires or watering Gardens, &c. with continued Streams: They differ in moſt Parts from all others, and are leſs liable to Diſorders, *and as eaſy to be repaired.*

Theſe Engines becoming publick, and their *ſingular* Performances at Fires ſo *General* in London, and *many* Towns in Great Britain, &c. manifeſt a General Approbation of this Sort.

His new printed Papers (*deliver'd Gratis*) explain *Ten neceſſary Conveniences peculiar* to theſe Engines, by Reaſon of being wrought at the Sides of their *Ciſterns* (*which are not made of Elm*) SHEWING, why their Performances exceed all others: Why NONE but this Sort can come to a Fire in Working Order, &c. For *any may ſee*, that much Time (*eſpecially in the Night*, may be required, at all other Sorts, *before uſing at Fires*) in bolting their Wheels, fixing their Sucking Pipe, and Staves which *the Men work by*; tho' by extending and bolting.

N. B. He likewiſe makes all Sorts of Water-Works, to be wrought by Water, Wind, Horſes, or Men, for raiſing Water to ſupply Towns, and all parts of *Noble* and *Gentlemen*'s Houſes and Gardens, &c.

This Day is publiſhed,

Price 4d. Stitched, 6d. Bound, the Twenty Fourth Edition of

BIſhop WILLIAMS's Brief Expoſition of the *Church Catechiſm*, with Proofs from Scripture. For the Uſe of Schools.

Printed for B. Barker near Dean's Yard, Weſtminſter, A. Betteſworth and C. Hitch in Paternoſter-Row, J. Hazard and S. Birt near Stationer's-Hall, J. Clarke in Ducklane, and T. Aſtley in St. Paul's Church-yard.

N B. *Whoever will pleaſe to make the Compariſon, will find that Mr.* LEWIS's *Catechiſm is printed from this of the Biſhop's for the moſt part, and in ſeveral Places changed for the worſe. The Compariſon that was made by the Biſhop himſelf is lodged in the Bookſeller's Hands. All that the* Biſhop *ſaid on this Occaſion, according to the Goodneſs of his Temper, was, that* he had been ill uſed.

This Day is publiſhed,

PLACITA Principalia, & Conſilia ad bene beateque vivendum utiliſſima, e veterum Philoſophorum & Dramaticorum fere Poetarum ſcriptis. Delegit Johannes Mapletoft, S. T. P. Quibus adjungitur Proſodia Græca Labbeana compendioſa facilique Methodo tradita a Leedeſio aucta.

Accuratius edita ab ANDREA TOOKE, A. M. Scholæ Carthuſianæ Præceptore. In Uſum Scholarum.

Impenſis B. Motte, juxta medii Templi Portam in Vico vulgo vocato Fleet-ſtreet.

This Day is publiſhed,

Neatly printed in Seven Volumes in 12*mo.*

THE CRAFTSMAN: Containing all the Papers publiſhed under that Name, from the firſt Beginning of them to the Concluſion of Mr. Oldcaſtle's Remarks; with an handſome Frontiſpiece, and a compleat Index to each Volume. To the Whole is prefix'd a Dedication to the People of England.

Reus in Judicium adductus eſt C. VERRES, homo vita atque factis, omnium jam opinione, damnatus; pecuniæ magnitudine, ſua ſpe, ac prædicatione abſolutus. Huic ego cauſæ, Judices, cum ſumma voluntate & expectatione populi Romani actor acceſſi; non ut augerem invidiam ordinis, ſed ut infamiæ communi ſuccurrerem. Adduxi enim hominem, in quo reconciliare exiſtimationem judiciorum amiſſam; redire in gratiam cum populo R. ſatisfacere exteris nationibus poſſetis; depeculatorem ærarii; vexatorem Aſiæ atque Pamphiliæ; prædonem juris urbani; labem atque perniciem provinciæ Siciliæ; de quo, ſi vos ſevere, religioſeque judicaveritis, auctoritas ea, quæ in vobis remanere debet, hærebit. Sin iſtius ingentes divitiæ judiciorum religionem, veritatemque perfregerint, Ego hoc tamen aſſequar, ut judicium potius reip. quam ut reus judicibus, aut accuſator reo defuiſſe videatur. CIC.

N. B. In this Edition are inſerted ſeveral Tracts upon the Affairs of Europe, which have been well received, in order to make the Collection compleat; particularly Mr. John Trot's Letter, in Anſwer to the Defence of the Enquiry; the ſhort View of the State Affairs in the Year 1729; the Treaty of Seville examined; and the Caſe of the Heſſian Forces in the Pay of Great Britain; as well as ſeveral other ſmaller Pieces, both in Proſe and Verſe. Price 18 s. plain bound. 1 l. 1 s. gilt.

There are ſome Copies printed on a fine large Paper for the Curious.

Printed for R. Franklin in Ruſſel-ſtreet, Covent-garden.

This Day is publiſhed,

The Fourth Edition of

A Practical Treatiſe; or, Second Thoughts on the Conſequences of the VENEREAL DISEASE. In three Parts, viz

I. On the Simple Gonorrhœa, Gleets, and other Weakneſſes, whether from Venereal Embraces, Self-pollution, improperly called Onaniſm, or natural Imbecility.

II On the virulent Gonorrhœa, or Clap.

III On the Venereal Lues, or Grand Pox. Wherein are plainly ſhew'd, the exact Degrees of Difference, with their Signs, Symptoms, Prognoſticks and Cures, in all Caſes; their Beginnings, Progreſs, and fatal Periods, when neglected, or unskilfully managed; and how their abſolute Cure, without Violence or Injury, is compleated. With proper and effectual Remedies, in their ſeveral Stages, preſcribed and recommended therein. And ſome Remarks on that prepoſterous Way of Venery with Machines, &c. and a plain Diſcovery of the Dangers (tho' little expected) which attend that vile Practice. Alſo many other uſeful Diſcoveries relating to Infections in both Sexes, not before taken Notice of. To which is annexed, a Vindication of the Practice of Salivating, &c. The whole fitted, as well for the Advantage of Patients, as young Practitioners.

By JOSEPH CAM, M. D.

London, printed for the Author, and ſold at his Houſe in Bow-Church-yard; alſo by G. Strahan in Cornhill, E. Midwinter in St. Paul's Church-yard, T. Corbet at Addiſon's Head without Temple-bar, C. King in Weſtminſter-hall, and J. Hodges on London-bridge; price ſtitch'd 2 s. bound 2 s. 6 d.

BOOKS printed for J. BATLEY at the *Dove* in *Paternoſter-Row.*

1. PHiloſophiæ Mathematicæ Newtonianæ illuſtratæ. Tomi duo Quorum prior tradit Elementa Matheſeos ad comprehendendam demonſtrationem hujus philoſophiæ ſcitu neceſſaria:

Poſterior continet 1) Definitiones & Leges motus generaliores; 2) Leges virium centripetarum & Theoriam attractionis ſeu gravitationis corporum in ſe mutuo; 3) Mundi Syſtema. A Georgio Petro Domckio.

2. Aſtronomical Dialogues between a Gentleman and a Lady, wherein the Doctrine of the Sphere, Uſes of the Globes, and the Elements of Aſtronomy and Geography are explained in a pleaſant, eaſy, and familiar Way, with a Deſcription of the famous Inſtrument called the *Orrery.* By *John Harris*, D. D. and F. R. S. The Second Edition, corrected, by *George Gordon*, Price 3 s. 6 d.

3. A New Journey through *Greece*, *Ægypt*, *Paleſtine*, *Italy*, *Switzerland*, *Alſatia*, and the *Netherlands.* Written by a *French* Officer who travelled thoſe Countries in the Years 1721, 22, and 23. Now firſt done into *Engliſh*, By Mr: *Morgan.* Price 3 s. 6 d.

4. Q. Horatii Flacci Eclogæ, una cum Scholiis perpetuis tam veteribus quam novis; adjecit etiam ubi viſum eſt & ſua; textumque ipſum plurimis locis vel corruptum vel turbatum reſtituit *Willielmus Baxter.* Price 6 s.

The *Cœleſtial Anodyne Tincture*: Or, The *Great Pain-Eaſing Medicine*,

FAm'd and approv'd of for its wonderful and never-failing Succeſs, in giving immediate Eaſe and Relief in all manner of Pains, either inward or outward, and is the moſt certain Remedy in the World for a ſure and ſpeedy Cure of the Cholick, and expelling Wind, Gripes and Pains in the Stomach, the Pleuriſy, ſtitches or pains in the ſide, back, loins, or any other part; Rheumatick Ailments, which cauſe pain and dolor. It hath given eaſe to a Miracle, when all other Remedies have fail'd; In the Gravel and Stone in the Kidneys, it gives eaſe forthwith, and brings them away to Admiration. It alſo facilitates and cauſes a ſpeedy Delivery in Child-birth. 'Tis no Quack trifling thing to allure the World with, but a real and well-experienced Medicine, not acting by Stupefaction (as Opiates) but by a friendly, balſamick, and ſubtile Nature, pacifying the moſt ſevere and terrible racking pains, and carries off the Cauſe, not by purging, but by Tranſpiration, by Urine, or breaking Wind. No Family ought to be without it; and uſed outwardly it cures Swellings, Aches, Pains, Numbneſs or Weakneſs of the Joints; 'tis excellent for Cramps, and all other aged Infirmities, effecting Wonders in Agues, Fevers, Small-pox, &c. No Family ought to be without it.

It is ſold only by Mr. *PARKER*, Printer, at his Houſe in Salisbury-Court, or by ſuch perſons as he ſhall depute, viz. at Mr. Parker's, a Printer, in Bull Head Court, Jewin-ſtreet; at the White Gallon Pot, a Chandler's Shop in Bandy-Leg-Walk, Southwark, and at Mr. Neal's, a Toy-ſhop over againſt the White Hart Inn in the Borough, at Eighteen-pence a Bottle, with printed Directions; and, if requeſted, will be brought to any perſon, by the Hawker who ſells his Penny Poſt. Sealed as above.

LONDON: Printed by S. PALMER and J. HUGGONSON, in *Bartholomew-Cloſe*, for Captain GULLIVER, near the *Temple*, where Letters and Advertiſements are taken in: As alſo at the *Rainbow Coffee-Houſe* in *Cornhill*, and *John's Coffee-Houſe* in *Sheer-Lane*, near *Temple-Bar*. [Price Two Pence.]